

Do not hesitate to call healthcare staff in case of doubts or difficulty



This booklet can be accessed at www.irccs-sangerardo.it



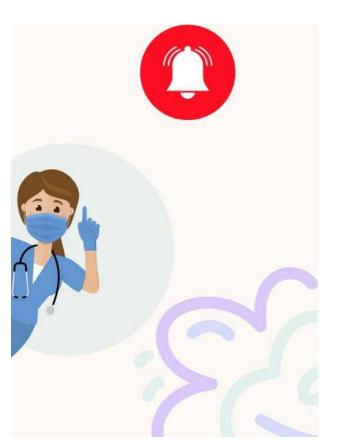


Please read this useful booklet for the prevention of extravasation

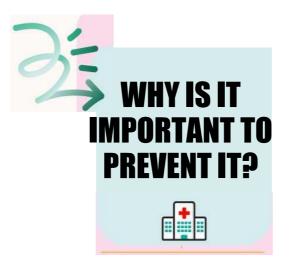
THE PREVENTION

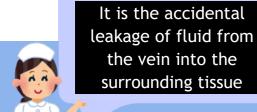






## WHAT IS EXTRAVASATION?





## WHO MAY BE SUSCEPTIBLE?

Children with hydration and/or medication under continuous infusion

Children undergoing treatment on hourly drips



Extravasation is a little-known occurrence that should not be underestimated because it can cause pain, swelling and local blotching to the point of tissue damage or necrosis





PROLONG THE PERIOD
OF HOSPITALISATION



## THIS IS WHAT NEEDS TO BE DONE



Leave the area where the catheter is positioned free of clothing



Do not pull on infusion lines while walking or changing position





Exercise caution during movements (e.g. when changing clothes)



Assess pain, swelling and blotching at the catheter site, inconsolable crying and/or irritability of the child



Do not remove or move any device applied by healthcare staff (e.g. plaster, bandage or splint)



Promptly inform healthcare staff if the bandage gets wet, soiled, detached or dislodged



